

AGE

61

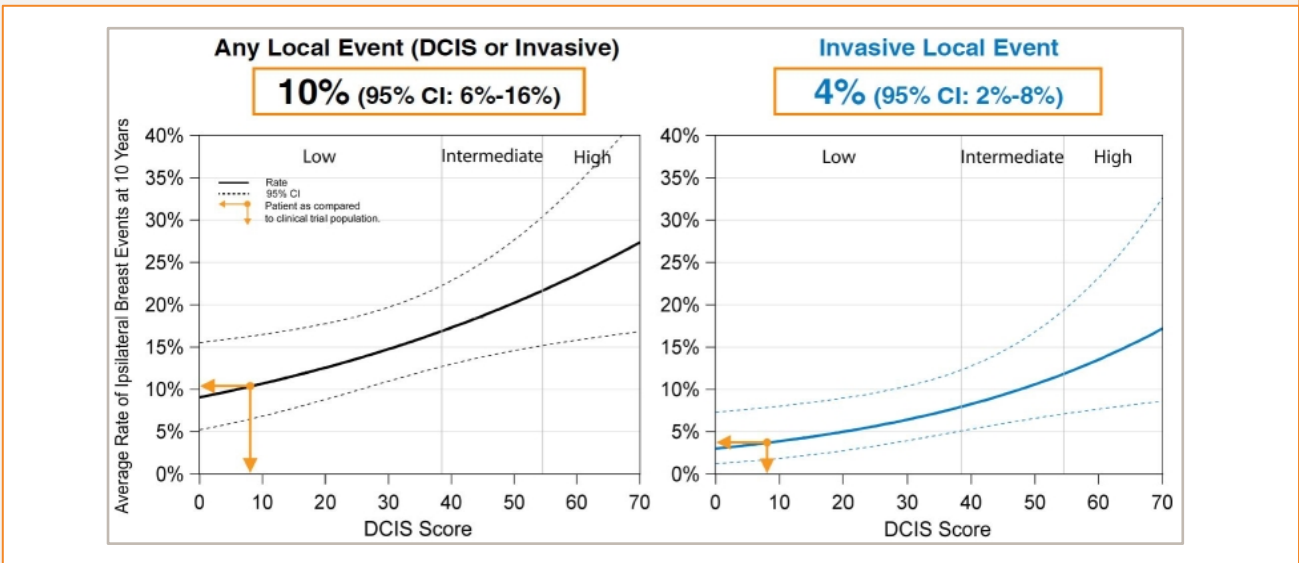
DCIS BREAST CASE STUDY

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|-------------------|--|
| PATIENT | 61 Year-Old Female Patient |
| TUMOR SIZE (cm) | 3.1 |
| MENOPAUSAL STATUS | Post-Menopausal |
| ER STATUS (IHC) | ER positive |
| MULTIFOCAL | No |
| MARGIN WIDTH (mm) | 10 |
| NUCLEAR GRADE | 3 |
| COMEDO NECROSIS | Present |
| GENERAL HEALTH | N/A |
| OTHER INFORMATION | Bilateral breast reduction with very large margins |
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DCIS BREAST CASE STUDY

QUANTITATIVE HORMONE RECEPTOR

The Clinical Validation study¹ included female patients with DCIS treated with local excision without irradiation, and required clear surgical margins ≥ 3 mm and a lesion size of ≤ 2.5 cm. Approximately a third of patients were treated with tamoxifen. The average 10 year rate for ipsilateral breast events for patients who had a DCIS Score of 8 was:



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|-----------------|-----|
| TREATMENT GIVEN | N/A |
|-----------------|-----|

DCIS BREAST CASE STUDY

CLINICAL INFORMATION

The Oncotype DX test uses RT-PCR to determine the RNA expression of the genes below. These results may differ from ER or PR results reported using other methods or reported by other laboratories.



N/A



N/A

References

1. Solin et al. J Natl Cancer Inst. 2013.
2. ER Score based on quantitative ESR1 expression (estrogen receptor); PR Score based on quantitative PGR expression (progesterone receptor).
3. Badve et al. J Clin Oncol. 2008. May 20;25(15):2473-81
4. Paik et al. ASCO 2005.